

Government
PB High School Jamkhandi

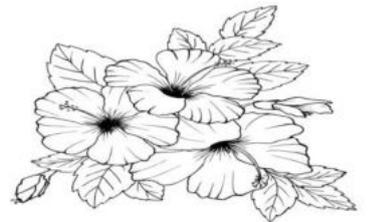


PB Bullet- 40
SCORING PACKAGE
Grammar Section
For SSLC
ENGLISH SECOND LANGUAGE

PREPARED BY.....

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INTRODUCTION

PB Bullet 40 is a comprehensive coverage of the essential aspects for students of Class 10 learning English as a second language. It provides elaborate activities and worksheets which in turn supports students to score high marks in the examination.

Many students are of the opinion that English is a challenging subject and it is difficult for them to score marks, but this resource book presents a solution to overcome this misconception.

A significant number of students' study English primarily from an examination perspective, resulting in difficulties in constructing grammatically correct sentences. Moreover, many students lack sufficient opportunities for language practice.

This book provides a wealth of classified ready-to-use material frequently asked in the Board Examination. It aims to assist students in learning and preparing better to face the forthcoming examination with simple to complex activities which in turn helps students to face the exam more confidently.

This resource book consists of highlights that provide an overview of all the units' study questions along with suggested activities and worksheets and questions from 5 years Board Exams. All these components are compiled within a single volume, offering students a comprehensive cohesive learning experience.

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GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

1. QUESTION TAGS

Write the Short form negatives:

Example: is + not = isn't

was + not = _____

am + not = _____

do + not = _____

does + not = _____

has + not = _____

had + not = _____

should + not = _____

would + not = _____

are + not = _____

were + not = _____

did + not = _____

can + not = _____

have + not = _____

could + not = _____

will + not = _____

must + not = _____

Add a question tag:

1. Mr. Govindappa is a famous physician, _____?
2. Students are waiting for the teacher, _____?
3. Dr S. Radhakrishnan was a great philosopher, _____?
4. I am fond of reading, _____?
5. Kusuma will dance i the town hall tomorrow, _____?
6. Rajappa sings a classical song, _____?
7. Boregowda never smokes, _____?
8. Poornima met her friend at Mysore, _____?
9. Pasha doesn't like to become a doctor, _____?
10. People hate corrupt officials, _____?
11. Anthony never goes to school late, _____?
12. Teachers should be disciplined, _____?
13. Light travels faster than wind, _____?
14. Saroja can solve the problem, _____?
15. Lal Bahadur lived a simple life, _____?
16. Two and two is four, _____?
17. The elephant lifts logs, _____?
18. Soldiers protect our country, _____?
19. Children obey the instructions, _____?
20. Help the poor, _____?

Identify positive/negative sentence:

1. Roja wasn't listening to the news. - _____
2. People were sitting on the platform. - _____
3. Dogs were in the kennel. - _____
4. We don't eat non veg. - _____
5. I never go to school late. - _____
6. Parvathi seldom visits her grandparents. - _____
7. Rani could not complete the task. - _____
8. Yusuf and Anand have joined the Sports Club. - _____
9. Vanita has a blue car. - _____
10. I will not attend the wedding. - _____

2. 'IF CLAUSE'

Read the conversation and learn how to use the 'If' clause:

1. **Shoukath:** Hello Renuka, why are you running in a hurry? (June 2022)

Renuka: I want to board the bus.

Shoukath: The bus has already left the station. If you had come early, you _____ boarded the bus.

- A. will have B. should have C. would **D. would have**

2. **Rajesh:** Hey Sunil, did you watch the cricket match yesterday? We won the match. (March 2022)

Sunil: No, I didn't, if you had told me earlier, I _____ watched it.

- A. **would have** B. wouldn't have C. will have D. shall have

3. **Teacher:** What do you think after celebrating 'No plastic Day' children? (June 2019)

Student: We have understood that the plastics are the main reason for the earth's pollution, Sir.

Teacher: You are right. If we were aware about the hazards of plastics, we _____ stoppедusing it earlier.

- A. Wouldn't have B. should have **C. would have** D. will not have

4. **Ananda:** Akash, I'm going to picnic tomorrow, will you come?

Akash: Thank you for inviting me. If you had told me earlier, I _____ joined you. (Apr 2020)

- A. would not have **B. would have** C. shall have D. will have

5. **Chandan:** Hey Sneha, have you missed the bus? (Apr 2023)

Sneha: Yes. I had gone to the bus station at 10:30 am but the bus had left at 10:15 am.

Chandan: If you had gone to the bus station at 10:00 am, you _____ missed the bus.

- A. will have B. would have **C. would not have** D. shall have

6. **Alex:** It is not raining heavily.

Sally: Yes, if it had rained well, the farmers _____ grown good crops.

- A. would not have B. shall have **C. would have** D. will have

7. **Shiv:** I think we have missed the track of the location of destination.

Tarun: Yes, if we had the right GPS instructions, we _____ missed the track.

- A. would have **B. wouldn't have** C. will have D. shall have

8. **Sangeetha:** Raj, Haven't you brought the high definition camera?

Raj: No, I forgot to bring it. If I had brought it, we _____ have taken nice photographs.

- A. **would have** B. wouldn't have C. will have D. shall.

9. **Daughter:** Dad, I didn't do well in the debate competition yesterday.

Father: If you had practiced for a week, you _____ lost in the competition. Doesn't worry try hard next time.

- A. **would not have** B. would have C. shall have D. will have

10. **Ranjith:** The weather was not great yesterday.

Vishwas: Yes, if the weather had been good, I _____ gone to the beach with my puppy.

- A. will have **B. would have** C. shall have D. would have

Read the conversation and fill in the blank choosing the appropriate 'If clause:

1. **Ravi:** Hi Sanju, what is your percentage in II PUC?

Sanju: I got only 56%. If I had studied hard, I _____ scored more marks.

- A. will have B. would have C. shall have D. would not have

2. **Ullas:** How are you, Yogesh? How is your new job?

Yogesh: Oh, if I had studied hard for the competitive exams I _____ got a highly paid job.

- A. will have B. would have C. shall have D. would not have

3. **Siddesh:** Umesh, what about your income after retirement?

Umesh: If I had saved enough money while in service, I _____ got better income after retirement.

- A. will have B. would have C. shall have D. would not have

4. **Lasya:** Hi, Hamsini, I saw your recent dance performance, it was very nice.

Hamsini: Thank you, if I had got some sponsor, I _____ performed still better.

- A. will have B. would have C. shall have D. would not have

5. **Raju:** How is your health Shekhar?

Shekhar: I'm fine Raju, if I had quit smoking long back, I _____ suffered so much.

- A. will have B. would have C. shall have D. would not have

6. **Seema:** Hi, Navya. Glad to know that you have got first class in S.S.L.C. Examination. Navya: Thank you Seema.

If I had worked harder, I _____ got distinction.

- A. will have B. shall have C. would not have D. would have

7. **Varsha:** Did you attend the interview?

Priya: No, I missed the bus.

Varsha: If you had a motor bike, you _____ missed the interview.

- A. should have B. will have C. wouldn't have D. would have

8. **Shreya:** I have severe tooth ache.

Dentist: If you had brushed your teeth regularly, you _____ had tooth decay.

- A. will have B. should have C. would have D. wouldn't have

9. **Ravi:** I have to take my Mom to the hospital. But I don't have a car.

Pavan: My uncle has taken my car. If I had it, I _____ given it to you.

- A. will have B. would have C. wouldn't have D. should have

10. **Reena:** Rita, did you buy the new dress?

Rita: No, if I had money, _____ bought one.

- A. wouldn't have B. should have C. would have D. will have

3. FINITE / NON FINITE / INFINITIVE:

1. **Read the conversation and know the non-finite verb:**

Deeraj: I'm getting bored. Sagar: Shall we go to a movie?

Deeraj: I think that's a good idea.

A) am (B) **getting** (C) shall (D) think

2. **Read the conversation and know the infinitive:**

Rakshitha: Hello Rajeshwari, where did you go yesterday?

Rajeshwari: I went to Mysuru to see my Uncle.

(A) go (B) went (C) to Mysuru (D) **to see**

3. **Read the conversation and know the finite verb:**

Rahim: Ram, why did you buy so much butter?

Ram: I want to bake a cake for my sister's birthday.

(A) **did** (B) buy (C) to bake (D) want

4. **Read the conversation and know the infinitive:**

Deena: What is your aim in life?

Anupama: I want to fly a plane. Deena: Become a pilot?

Anupama: Yes.

(A) is (B) become (C) **to fly** (D) want

INFINITIVES:

Read the following and choose the infinitive: (Clue: to + verb)

1. Mahesh was watching cricket match on TV. Suddenly he heard a noise from outside. He went out to see what had happened. (April 2023)
A. was B. went C. to see D. heard
2. **Manjula:** Where are you going? (March 2018)
Latha: I'm going to the market to buy vegetables.
Manjula: Is it? I too will come with you.
Latha: Let us walk to the market.
A. going B. come C. will D. to buy
3. **Teacher:** Hello students, get ready for drawing and colouring competition tomorrow. (March 2019)
Raghav: Oh, yes Sir.
Raki: Are there any prizes for that, Sir?
Teacher: Yes, sure, there will be three prizes. Don't forget to bring colours and other necessary things.
A. get ready B. to bring C. are D. will be
4. **Master:** I have a guest tonight. Prepare something good. But don't forget to make some sweets.
Cook: Fine Sir, Is Dal-Roti and Halwa okay? (June 2018)
Master: Yes
A. have B. prepare C. forget D. to make
5. **Book seller:** Good afternoon Gentleman. What can I do for you?
Shashidhar: Good afternoon, I'd like to buy some books on National Leaders.
A. do B. to buy C. can D. like (June 2022)
6. **Mother:** Where had you been Akash? You are so late?
Akash: I went to the hospital, Mom.
Mother: Why? What happened?
Akash: My friend is sick and hospitalized. His mother asked me to buy some medicines for him.
A. went B. had been C. to buy D. asked (June 2019)
7. **Vikas:** Rakesh, why didn't you come to the stadium yesterday?
Rakesh: Sorry, I had to complete my homework, so I was busy doing that task.
A. had B. come C. doing D. to complete
8. **Rishab:** You are looking so happy, may I know the reason?
Rakshith: My brother is going to get gallantry award from the Governor for saving a child from drowning in the river.
A. looking B. to get C. saving D. drowning
9. **Sally:** Hello
Rohan: Why are you standing here?
Rohan: Hello Sally, I am waiting for the bus. I have to go to the town hall.
A. standing B. am waiting C. are D. to go
10. **Shafi:** Let's not waste our time, shall we begin?
Ravi: Sure, I am glad to start work without wasting time.
A. wasting B. to start C. work D. begin

Read the following and identify the infinitive:

- The facility lacked personnel and equipment. The on duty physician was not able to do more than give basic first aid.
- I am going to market tomorrow with my father to buy dresses for my birthday. (Jun 2023)
- Shashi is going to Mysore to perform in a music programme.
- Soundarya is a good teacher. She teaches very well. Rajan is a good student. He loves to learn as per his teacher's instruction.
- Sumanth was walking in the park yesterday. Soon he felt tired and wanted to sit on a stone bench.

4. COLLOCATIONS

Combine the word in Column – A with its Collocative word in column – B

‘A’

‘B’

- | | |
|------------|--|
| 1. Book | (care, teacher, bank, pain) |
| 2. Rapid | (age, growth, life, fast) |
| 3. Credit | (insurance, order, card, coin) |
| 4. Brisk | (jump, run, walk, talk) |
| 5. Fast | (table, food, water, breakfast) |
| 6. Strange | (look, like, lock, lord) |
| 7. Scare | (pigeon, crow, peacock, eagle) |
| 8. Iron | (steel, curtain, land, book) |
| 9. Commit | (mistake, crime, murder, kill) |
| 10. Short | (temple, table, temper, area) |
| 11. Self | (authority, willing, discipline, nature) |
| 12. Wall | (cloth, clock, chart, watch) |

5. SYLLABLES:

Meaning: A syllable is a single, unbroken vowel sound within a spoken word.

‘Tie’ has one syllable.

‘Rescue’ has two syllables – Res / cue

‘Alphabet’ has three syllables – Al / pha / bet

‘Activity’ has four syllables – Ac / ti / vi / ty

‘Electricity’ has five syllables – E / lec / tri / ci / ty

	ONE SYLLABLE WORDS:		TWO SYLLABLE WORDS:		MULTI SYLLABIC WORDS
1.	School	1.	Colour	1.	Admission - 3
2.	Ache	2.	Silence	2.	Intention - 3
3.	Last	3.	Movement	3.	Identify. - 4
4.	Last	4.	Subject	4.	Intelligent - 4
5.	Post	5.	English	5.	Responsible - 4
6.	Bird	6.	Music	6.	Beautiful - 3
7.	Books	7.	Concert	7.	Hospital - 3
8.	Bag	8.	Sitar	8.	Direction - 3
9.	Whole	9.	Letter	9.	Primary - 3
10.	Wide	10.	Famous	10.	Adventure - 3

Identify the number of syllables in the following words:

- | | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. Practise | 2. Humour | 3. Examination | 4. Ago | 5. Discovery |
| 6. Entertainment | 7. Complete | 8. Mild | 9. Determination | 10. Photography |

6. PREFIXES

Prefixes are letters which are added to the beginning of a word to make a new word with a different meaning.

im		in		un	
Balance	X Imbalance	Accurate	X Inaccurate	Known	X Unknown
Material	X Immaterial	Active	X Inactive	Certain	X Uncertain
Mature	X Immature	Adequate	X Inadequate	Clean	X Unclean
Measure	X Immeasurable	Animate	X Inanimate	Common	X Uncommon
Memorial	X Immemorial	Capable	X Incapable	Expected	X Unexpected
Mobile	X Immobile	Comparable	X Incomparable	Even	X Uneven
Mobilize	X Immobilize	Applicable	X Inapplicable	Fit	X Unfit
Modest	X Immodest	Appropriate	X Inappropriate	Faithful	X Unfaithful
Movable	X Immovable	Consistent	X Inconsistent	Fortunate	X Unfortunate
Mutable	X Immutable	Convenience	X Inconvenience	Grateful	X Ungrateful
Partial	X Impartial	Decent	X Indecent	Heard	X Unheard
Permanent	X Impermanent	Divisible	X Indivisible	Important	X Unimportant
Personal	X Impersonal	Dependent	X Independent	Load	X Unload
Probable	X Improbable	Effective	X Ineffective	Pleasant	X Unpleasant
Precise	X Imprecise	Experience	X Inexperience	Popular	X Unpopular

Dis		mis		il	
1. Advantage	X Disadvantage	Handle	X Mishandle	Health	X illhealth
2. Agree	X Disagree	Judge	X Misjudge	Favour	X illfavour
3. Allow	X Disallow	Guide	X Misguide	Legal	X illegal
4. Appear	X Disappear	Lead	X Mislead	Legible	X illegible
5. Approve	X Disapprove	Place	X Misplace	Liberal	X illiberal
6. Believe	X Disbelieve	Print	X Misprint	Literate	X illiterate
7. Comfort	X Discomfort	Manage	X Mismanage	Logical	X illogical
8. Connect	X Disconnect	Spell	X Misspell	Treat	X illtreat

Fill in the blanks with the suitable prefix of the underlined word.

- Kavya is very happy with her result but her parents are _____.
- Teacher asked the students to be regular to school but a few were _____.
- Many people like to keep pets at home but few _____ it.
- India wants everyone to be literate, not _____.
- Behave well in the class, do not _____.
- Pure water makes us healthy, _____ water makes us unhealthy.
- Always be responsible, not _____.
- Always respect your parents, do not _____ them.
- The magician appeared on the stage and _____ within few seconds.

Read the clues given below. Choose the prefixes from the box that matches the clue.

Happy	impure	incorrect	healthy	impolite
Impossible	immortal	inactive	irresponsible	dishonest

- not active _____
- not responsible _____
- not healthy _____
- not correct _____
- not polite _____
- not happy _____
- not honest _____
- not mortal _____
- not pure _____
- not possible _____

Given below is a list of words. Write them under the appropriate column:

Kind, happy, appear, honest, polite, behave, controversial, agree, understand, wash, friendly, satisfied, violence, justice, balance, possible, vegetarian.

In	Dis	Non	Un	Mis	Im

Fill in the blanks with the correct prefix from the box given below.

un	ir	dis	im	mis	il	in	non
-----------	-----------	------------	-----------	------------	-----------	-----------	------------

- Most of the students had written _____ **correct** answers.
- Teachers _____ **like** untidy work.
- We believe that God is _____ **mortal**.
- The students find very difficult to study if they are _____ **regular** to school.
- It is _____ **legal** to construct house on site without proper documents.
- He always behaves in an _____ **responsible** way.
- We should not develop _____ **healthy** habits.
- Rajesh is always _____ **active** in the class.
- Do not _____ **understand** your friends.
- There are many _____ **vegetarian** hotels in the town.

7. HOMOPHONES

Homophones are words that sound alike but they have different meanings and spellings.

Circle the Homophones in each sentence.

- Their house is over there behind the trees.
- I read the story printed in red ink.
- Father poured the pale yellow paint into the pail.
- We read and write from left to right.
- On cold winter days, my grandfather would chop wood for the fire.
- I don't know whether the weather will be good for hiking.
- The cost of this ad does not add up.
- When I go on vacation, I get to see a whale in the sea.
- I would like to get two of those pencils.
- Would you wear a pear of shoes or a pair of shoes?

Fill in the blank using the correct homophone from the bracket:

- Speaking _____ is not _____. (allowed/aloud)
- He _____ the ball _____ the window. (through/threw)
- You must _____ on the _____ side of the page. (right/write)
- Our _____ believes in Gandhiji's _____. (principal /principle)
- I was down with fever for a _____ and now I am so _____ that I cannot stand for a longtime. (week/weak)
- I asked him to _____ me near the _____ stall. (meat/ meet)
- They had _____ many apples but she brought only _____ apples. (too/two)
- I _____ a horse on the main _____ (road/rode)
- Granny sat on the second _____ of the building and told me a _____ (story/storey)
- The king came with his _____ wife to the village _____. (fair/fare)

Fill in the correct homophone:

- _____ **couple** _____ fruit that grows on a tree.
- _____ dog's feet _____ to stop, half, or freeze
- _____ detect things with your eye
_____ place where dolphins, sharks and whales live.
- _____ not warm _____ spicy bean and beef meat served in a bowl.
- _____ time when you're sleeping _____ someone protects a king
- _____ beef, pork, poultry _____ talk to someone for the first time
- _____ bucket _____ light coloured
- _____ shirts, pants, hats, shorts, _____ shut or seal
- _____ colourful part of a plant _____ white powder used for cooking
- _____ lines; Opposite of column _____ red flower with thorny stem
- _____ six - legged creature that digs tunnels _____ your father's sister
- _____ mother's boy _____ hot ball of burning gas
- _____ opposite is low _____ greeting

8. LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

(Seeking help, offering help, seeking permission, giving permission, asking for directions, giving directions, accepting invitation, refusing invitation, requesting, thanking, suggesting, advising, apologizing, ordering, giving instructions, enquiring, showing gratitude, questioning)

Identify the language function given in the following lines:

1. When is the college giving applications for admission?
2. Please help me to carry these books to the staff room.
3. I'm sorry. I will not be able to attend the party.
4. I will definitely be there before time.
5. I'm sorry. I will not repeat it again.
6. Could you tell me the way to the railway station, please?
7. May I come in, Miss? 8. You need to get a license before driving a car.
9. Could you please give me the details?
10. Bring the book here.

9. ONE WORD SUBSTITUTION / GIVE ONE WORD:

1. A frightening dream – **Nightmare**
2. A person who enters a building in order to steal – **Burglar**
3. Without hesitation – **Undaunted**
4. One who travels to work place daily – **Commuter**
5. A stitch that is used to sew a wound together – **Suture**
6. A decorated rod carried by a king or a queen as a symbol of power – **Sceptre**
7. A piece of land in which fruit trees are grown – **Orchard**
8. A small narrow stream or river – **Creek**
9. Type of small deer which has large beautiful eyes – **Gazelle**
10. Someone whose job is to look after a school or a large building – **Janitor**
11. A very large farm – **Ranch**
12. A group of people related to family that existed long ago – **Descendants**
13. Ability to see, hear, understand – **Perception**
14. A great performer, especially a musician – **Maestro**
15. A person who is especially good at some art or achievement – **Wizard**
16. The state of being alone – **Solitude**
17. The art of producing beautiful writing – **Calligraphy**
18. The art of making figures in stone, wood, metal, etc. – **Sculpture**
19. Very eager for knowledge – **Voracious**
20. Something that one enjoys doing during leisure time – **Pastime**

Give one-word for the following:

1. A new activity that involves risk - _____
2. The man that a woman is engaged to - _____
3. Complete destruction - _____
4. Official discussion - _____
5. Of scientific method of finding out about a crime - _____
6. Something that people do not know anything about it - _____
7. Forethought - _____
8. Dead body - _____
9. One who is trained in doing acts of public service - _____
10. A private room on a ship or boat - _____

10. ANTONYMS:

Good	x	bad	Kind	x	cruel	Remember	x	forget
Rich	x	poor	Young	x	old	Near	x	far
Light	x	dark/ heavy	Strong	x	weak	Long	x	short
Wise	x	foolish	High	x	low	Beautiful	x	ugly
Rough	x	smooth	Fast	x	slow	Happy	x	sad
Broad	x	narrow	Begin	x	end	Fat	x	thin
Bitter	x	sweet	Close	x	open	Top	x	bottom

Fill in the blanks with the opposite word of the underlined word.

1. The young people must respect the _____.
2. The ball moved very fast on the smooth surface and then it became slow on the _____ Surface.
3. Close the window when it rains and _____ it when it stops.
4. Most of the students look very happy but a few look _____.
5. Ravi had become very fat, so the doctor advised him to become _____.
6. The rich people must help the _____.
7. Rajan was very strong but now he has become very _____.
8. The bus moved very fast and then it became very _____.
9. Children remember stories but _____ lessons.
10. We must be kind to the animals, not _____.

11. CORRECT FORM OF THE WORD

Write the correct form of the word given in bracket:

1. The art of _____ (educate) is to educate the heart.
2. Keep on trying, there is always scope for _____ (improve)
3. The physical education teacher stressed the _____ (important) of physical exercises.
4. The scientists were _____ (success) in their efforts to find a cure for the disease.
5. The research student was _____ (success) in his efforts.
6. Man cannot be satisfied by wealth, but he can be satisfied by his _____ (wise)
7. A tailor takes _____ (measure) before stitching clothes.
8. Daily practice helps to confidently face the _____ (exam)
9. We should strictly follow the road safety _____ (instruct)
10. Speaking in English becomes easy when we practise _____ (converse) in English
11. In our school annual prize _____ (distribute) programme took place yesterday.
12. Columbus commanded the _____ (loyal) of his crew.

12. ARTICLES

Fill in the blank using correct article: (a, an, the)

1. Scientific research is _____ exciting venture.
2. We reached the city after _____ sunset.
3. Shyam is learning to play _____ sitar
4. Rithika went to market to buy some vegetables, but _____ market was so crowded, she returned empty handed.
5. Ravi was made to wait for half _____ hour in the post office.
6. Rajesh is _____ NCC student.
7. _____ Sun gives us heat and light.
8. There are _____ number of newspapers in Kannada and English.
9. Mahesh is _____ MLA. He is really a gentleman.
10. My ambition is to become a doctor because I want to serve _____ poor and the needy.
11. The Ganga is _____ longest river in India.
12. Mt. Everest is _____ highest peak in the world.
13. Giraffe is a long necked animal, _____ long neck is its strength.
14. Walking is _____ good exercise, ten thousand steps every day makes you healthy
15. _____ stitch in time saves nine.

13. LINKERS / CONJUNCTIONS

Use the following conjunctions to complete the worksheet:

(and, but, or, yet, therefore, otherwise, either or, neither nor, not only but also, so ... that, as as, both and, as if, while, as soon as, before, though, although, after, when, where, why, how, still, till, unless, until, if, because, since)

1. ____he is busy, he spends time with his family.
2. She is _____ intelligent _____ hard working.
3. Raju will play today _____ he gets a chance.
4. You can't succeed _____ you work hard.
5. We must reach there _____ anyone else.
6. Sam is _____ a fool _____ stupid.
7. I fell asleep _____ I was watching TV.
8. Samuel was eating food _____ the postman arrived.
9. I was very angry, _____ I didn't argue.
10. She was unhappy, _____ she was rich.
11. I like him very much _____ he is my best friend.
12. I can't believe you _____ you speak the truth.
13. Liola is _____ tall _____ Preethi.
14. We don't know _____ Suma failed in the examination.
15. Suresh is clever _____ proud.

14. PHRASAL VERBS

Choose the right phrase:

1. The match was _____ due to heavy rain. (put off/put out)
2. The bird _____ the statue. (flew over/flew on)
3. Many soldiers _____ the war. (died of/died in)
4. Many people _____ plague. (died of/died in)
5. The teacher could not _____ what the student had written. (make up/make out)
6. Ramu _____ his mind to study hard. (made up/made out)
7. The crowd _____ to the chief guest. (gave away/gave way)
8. Smita was _____ the lost book. (looking into/looking for)

15. PREPOSITIONS

Fill in the blank with appropriate preposition:

1. Ravi was made to wait _____ half an hour in the post office
2. KRS Dam has been constructed _____ the river Kaveri.
3. Rithika went _____ market to buy some vegetables.
4. The sun rises ---- in the east.
5. Sudha is working ----- a company.
6. Mahesh, an MLA tries to solve the problems _____ his people twice a week.
7. The girl looked _____ her friend in disbelief.
8. There are a number of newspapers ___ Kannada and English.
9. It is better if you talk this matter _____ the people concerned.
10. There was silence _____ the room.
11. Shivakumar walked along the road _____ his dog.
12. Sumit lived in Delhi _____ three years.

16. MODALS

Fill in the blanks with the most appropriate modal verbs:

(can, could, shall, should, will, would, may, might, must, used to, need to, ought to)

1. I am not sure, it _____ rain.
2. He _____ have missed the way.
3. He _____ lift the table in one hand.
4. I am certain that she _____ clear the question paper and score 100%
5. I _____ drive carefully. Otherwise I _____ meet with an accident.
6. I _____ play football, but now I don't.
7. _____ you lend me Rs.500/-
8. What _____ be the reason for your failure in the exam?
9. I _____ go for a walk every day.

17. HELPING VERBS / MODALS

Identify the helping verbs /modals.

1. Manoj was playing football yesterday.
2. Some boys are playing Kabaddi.
3. Buddha had questioned the caste divisions in India.
4. We would play whole day when we were young.
5. You must exercise regularly.
6. Raju can speak Telugu fluently.
7. Arpitha is acting in a movie.
8. Students are waiting for the result.
9. Karthik should pay his taxes on time.
10. Doctors had attended a conference last week.

18. TENSE FORM OF THE VERB

Fill in the blanks with appropriate tense form of verb given in the bracket:

1. Prajwal _____ (be+ study) in Government High School, Mandya.
2. Anushka _____ (be+ practice) classical dance last year.
3. Radhika _____ (be+ earn) money by giving tuitions.
4. The baby _____ (be+ cry) because it is hungry.
5. Sudha _____ (be+ do) her homework yesterday.
6. Suresh _____ (wake) up at six o' clock every morning.
7. Students _____ (be+ play) in front of the school yesterday.
8. My Uncle _____ (have) a cow. He _____ (buy) it in the market yesterday.
9. India _____ (be + rule) by foreigners for many centuries. Leaders like Gandhiji _____ (fight) for freedom. Now India _____ (be) a democratic country.
10. Moments later, his father _____ (leave) the room. When he returned, his arms _____ (be) full of paints and brushes. He _____ (nod) his head but his eyes _____ (remain) sad.

19. VERB / NOUN FORM:

Verb Form

Protect
Entertain
State
Agree
Judge
Decide
Divide
Multiply
Serve
Think

Noun Form

protection
entertainment
statement
agreement
judgement
decision
division
multiplication
service
thought

Complete the table:

Verb Form	Noun Form
treat	_____
_____	strength
differ	_____
_____	forgiveness
teach	_____
_____	remembrance
add	_____
_____	measurement
know	_____
_____	discovery
connect	_____

Know how to use the given word as verb in a sentence:

1. Use the word 'smile' as verb in a sentence.
Ans: My friend **smiled** at me. (Apr 2020)
2. The word 'search' as verb.
Ans: He **searched** for his book everywhere. (Apr 2022)
3. The word 'watch' as verb.
Ans: Rashmi was **watching** a movie last weekend. (Jun 2022)
4. The word 'pay' as verb.
Ans: Raghu **paid** his exam fees before the due date. (Apr 2023)
5. The word 'question' as verb.
Ans: Shilpa **questioned** the shopkeeper about the product.
6. The word 'raise' as verb.
Ans: Ranjitha **raised** the topic about plastics.
7. The word 'answer' as verb.
Ans: I **answered** the questions correctly.
8. The word 'reach' as verb.
Ans: He **reached** the town in the evening.
9. The word 'announce' as verb.
Ans: The headmaster **announced** the exam result.
10. The word 'hear' as verb.
Ans: I **heard** a loud sound.

Use the given word as verb in a sentence:

1. Greet 2. Look 3. Measure 4. Hide 5. Print 6. Water

Know how to use the given word as noun in a sentence:

1. Use the word 'smile' as noun in a sentence.
Ans: The **smile** on the baby's face was cute.
2. Use the word 'water' as noun in a sentence.
Ans: I drink **water** every day.
3. Use the word 'plant' as noun in a sentence. **Ans:** We get food from **plants**.
4. Use the word 'notice' as noun in a sentence.
Ans: The **notice** on the board was about the exams.
5. Use the word 'answer' as noun in a sentence.
Ans: The **answer** was correct.

Use the given word as noun in a sentence:

1. question 2. book 3. colour 4. speech 5. treat 6. discover

20. PASSIVE FORMS VOICES OF VERB: Example:

S V O

1. Hari/ opens/ the door. – Active voice

S v o

The door/ is opened /by /Hari. – Passive voice

O hv MV by S

Change in Pronouns:

Subject	Object
I	me
We	us
He	him
She	her
They	Them
It	it
Who	whom

Read the sentences given below:

- The Professor teaches the students.
The students **are taught by** the professor.
- The farmer is ploughing the field.
The field **is being ploughed by** the farmer.
- Ashoka has written a letter.
A letter **has been written by** Ashok.
- Tom chased Jerry.
Jerry **was chased by** Tom.
- Children were picking some flowers.
Some flowers **were being picked by** children.
- They had eaten all the cakes.
All the cakes **had been eaten by** them.

Read the given conversation and choose the passive form of the underlined sentence.

1. Vinay: Hi. I read it. Geetha: Is it easy to read? Vinay: Yes. It was easy.

A) It is read by me. B) It was read by me. C) It has read by me. D) It is reading by me.

2. Latha: What are you doing?
Leela: I am playing chess.

- Chess is played by me.
- Chess is being played by me.
- Chess has been played by me.
- Chess was played by me.

Change the sentences into passive form:

- Ramu attended the exam on Monday.
- Satish's father had bought paints, brushes and drawing sheets for him.
- Satish saw a beautiful bird at the far corner of the garden.
- Harsha ate two mangoes.
- Who answered the door bell?
- Let them do the work.

21. DEGREES OF COMPARISON

Change into other degrees of comparison:

- Mount Everest is taller than any other peak.**
Ans: Mount Everest is the tallest peak. (**Superlative**)
No other peak is as tall as Mount Everest. (**Positive**)
- No other boy in the class is as fat as Rajendra.**
Ans: Rajendra is fatter than any other boy in the class. (**Comparative**)
Rajendra is the fattest boy in the class. (**Superlative**)
- Pooja is the most intelligent girl in the class.**
Ans: Pooja is more intelligent than any other girl in the class. (**Comparative**)
No other girl in the class is as intelligent as Pooja. (**Positive**)
- Biryani was the most expensive dish in this restaurant.**
Ans: Biryani was more expensive than any other dish in this restaurant. (**Comparative**)
'No other dish in this restaurant was as expensive as Biryani. (**Positive**)

5. **No other state in India is as clean as Madhya Pradesh.**

Ans: Madhya Pradesh is cleaner than any other state in India. (Comparative)

Madhya Pradesh is the cleanest state in India. (Superlative)

PRACTISE QUESTIONS:

Change into other degrees of comparison:

1. Dr. Sara is the best doctor in the town.
2. Delhi is the most polluted city in India.
3. Mohith is shorter than all the boys in his class.
4. Rajesh was the most talented singer in the Hindi film industry.
5. No other fruit is as tasty as Mango.

22. PARTS OF SPEECH:

Identify the part of speech of the underlined word:

1. The parrot is a beautiful bird.
2. Birbal was a clever minister.
3. Mary bought a costly dress.
4. The fresh flowers gave off a pleasant smell.
5. My school has a big playground.
6. Sushma sang a song melodiously.
7. The mighty king glared at the poor man.
8. The big fat dog stared at the bone in the meat shop.

23. 'WH' QUESTIONS

Frame a question to get the underlined word as answer.

1. I want books.
2. Delhi is the capital of India.
3. This house is Ramesh's.
4. Santhosh lives in a village.
5. Geetha goes to Mysuru in a car.
6. Students come to school to learn.
7. General Cariappa was a man of principles.
8. I am well.
9. I was born in Hassan.
10. I borrowed a book from my friend.
11. Government school students go to school on bicycles.
12. The farmer bought a cow in the market.
13. The Ganga is a sacred river.
14. I borrowed Ravi's dictionary.
15. Gayathri goes to Mumbai to meet her daughter.
16. The officer will inspect our office tomorrow.
17. My sister's wedding is on 20th.
18. The minister spoke to me.
19. The child broke the jug.
20. The student came to school late because he missed the bus.

24. REPORTED SPEECH

Read the following conversation and change the underlined sentence into reported speech:

1. Waseem: Vasu, what's your hobby? Vasu: My hobby is writing poems.
2. Ashok: I am working hard for the examination.
3. Rithesh: That's good. All the best.
4. Naveen: Hemanth, did you meet Akash? Hemanth: Yes, I met him in the college yesterday.
5. Babitha: What's Roshan doing?
6. Ariappa: He's washing clothes.
7. Neeraj: Sumana, what are your plans for the summer holidays? Sumana: I will go to my grandma's place.
8. Bhimesh: How are you planning for annual day programme?
9. Harish: I am planning to play a skit in the annual day programme, today.
10. Prema: Hello Sunitha, where are you going? Sunitha: I am going to my aunt's house.

25. SUBJECT VERB AGREEMENT: Use of 'is' and 'are'

Fill in the blanks using 'is' or 'are':

1. Apples _____ red.
2. The dog _____ in the garden.
3. He _____ talking to Mary.
4. Sham _____ a doctor.
5. We _____ going to the market.
6. They _____ getting ready to go to bed.
7. Cats _____ black.
8. Mango _____ sweet.
9. Balloons _____ pink in colour.
10. Cow _____ brown in colour.
11. He _____ my best friend.
12. She _____ a good girl.
13. They _____ in the hall.
14. We _____ in the bedroom
15. Jimmy _____ my pet dog.
16. An art _____ on the wall.
17. Ducks _____ in the pond.
18. It _____ a park.
19. Girls _____ in the park.
20. We _____ happy to meet you.
21. My friends _____ my family too.
22. She _____ very clever.
23. It _____ a pencil box.
24. Vijay and I _____ classmates.
25. My friend and I _____ athletes.
26. They _____ on my side in this issue.
27. My car _____ reliable for long trips.
28. Janani _____ a quick learner.
29. There _____ lots of flowers in the garden.
30. There _____ a big dog in my house.

Use of 'am', 'is', 'are', 'was', 'were'

Fill in the blanks with appropriate verbs:

1. I _____ by the river now.
2. I _____ at home yesterday.
3. We _____ at the beach now.
4. They _____ on the mountains last night.
5. She _____ on the island now.
6. My mom and I _____ by the lake last night.
7. My cousin and I _____ at home yesterday.
8. Ravi and his father _____ by the river now.
9. They _____ by the beach last night too.

Use 'has', 'have'

NOTE: 'Has', 'have' and 'had' are used as main verbs. 'Has' and 'have' indicate present tense and 'had' indicates the past tense. These verbs function as **helping verbs** to represent the perfect tenses. 'Have been' and 'has been' denote the present perfect tense. 'Had been' denotes the past perfect tense.

With third person pronouns the verb used is 'has'. With first and second person pronouns and plural nouns, the verb 'have' is used.

Fill in the blanks with 'has' or 'have':

1. Reshma _____ a function to attend.
2. The girl _____ curly brown hair.
3. The child _____ a good bicycle.
4. Rita _____ your bag.
5. Do you _____ Sunil's contact number?
6. I _____ a small box of jewelry. _____
7. They _____ a small house by the beach.
8. The house _____ no big rooms.
9. The children _____ their own rooms.

10. The boys _____ a basketball.
11. I _____ a brother and a sister.
12. The girls _____ arranged this party.
13. The dog _____ been serving the police for years.
14. The tree _____ grown very big.
15. They _____ gone to the amusement park.
16. He _____ not slept the whole night.
17. I _____ completed my homework.

COMPREHENSION & COMPOSITION

1. EDITING: (2 Marks)

The following sentence has one/two errors. Edit the sentence and rewrite it.

1. amrutha was thrilled to be on Mount Everest from where she could see the hole countryside.
Clues: 1. capital letter to be used
2. Spelling mistake to be corrected
2. The MLA of the locality booked two buses. All the poor went on a trip to nanjangud. Did you also go!
Clues: 1. capital letter to be used 2. Correct punctuation mark to be used
3. I heard this news long time back. i also brought it to the notise of my uncle.
Clues: 1. Capital letter to be used 2. Spelling mistake to be corrected
4. A ship sank in the middle of the knight. Were there any survivors.
Clues: 1. Spelling mistake to be corrected. 2. Correct punctuation mark to be used
5. My parents, sister, brother and I went to mysuru for the weekend.
Clues: 1. Capital letter to be used 2. Spelling mistake to be corrected
6. rohan is an eight-year-old boy. He is very nice and quite.
Clues: 1. Capital letter to be used 2. Spelling mistakes to be corrected
7. scientists are strange people, aren't they.
Clues: 1. Capital letter to be used 2. Punctuation mark to be used
8. Prakash was deep interested in all the knew experiments that were being conducted in Chemistryand worked to solve some of the difficult problems.
Clues: 1. Adverbial mistake to be corrected 2. Spelling mistake to be corrected
9. baleshwar shoved himself to the door, and jump off the still moving train.
Clues: 1. Capital letter to be used 2. Verbal mistake to be corrected
10. Congratulations were showered on swami next day. His classmates looked at him with respect andhis teacher pat his back.
Clues: 1. Capital letter to be used 2. Verbal mistake to be corrected
11. He clambered to the peak of a snow-covered mountain and there he heard the voice of the Bird ofHappiness, "My lovely child, have you come here for me".
Clues: a) Spelling mistake to be corrected. b) Use correct punctuation mark.
12. A poor woodcutter was cutting big peace of wood near a wide river. Sudden his old axe slippedfrom his hand and fell into the deep water.
Clues: a) Spelling mistake to be corrected. b) Adverbial mistake to be corrected.
13. Hemanth moved to the edge of the compound to pluck flowers. He last balance, fell down butbroke his leg.
Clues: a) Spelling mistake to be corrected. b) Conjunction to be corrected.
14. We often coming to know from the newspaper accounts how our young soldiers aspire to live anddye for our country. They are ready to sacrifice everything.
Clues: a) Spelling mistake to be corrected. b) Verbal mistake to be corrected.
15. Once a poor women was walking from one village to another carry a bundle on her head. Unable tolift it easily, she rested every now and then.
Clues: a) noun number to be corrected. b) Verbal mistake to be corrected.
16. I boarded the fast train to mumbai along with my parents and sister lost evening.
Clues: a) Capital letter mistake to be corrected. b) Spelling mistake to be corrected.
17. Satish couldn't talk free with anyone because he was unable to here a single word.
Clues: a) Adverbial form to be used. b) Spelling mistake to be corrected.

2. PROFILE WRITING / PARAGRAPH WRITING: (3 Marks)

1. Given below is a profile of Sarojini Naidu. Write a paragraph using the same: (March 2018 & June 2018)

Birth : 13th February, 1879
 Place : Hyderabad
 Father : Dr. Aghornath Chattopadhyaya, a scientist
 Mother : Mrs. Varada Sundari, a Bengali poet.
 Spouse : Muthyala Govindarajulu Naidu
 Profession : Politician, freedom fighter, Governor of United Provinces, of Agra and Oudh, writer.
 Death : 2nd March, 1949.
 Works : The Golden Threshold (1905), The Bird of Time (1912), The Broken Wing (1917), Father of the Dawn (1961)

Ans: This is a profile of Sarojini Naidu. Sarojini Naidu was born on 13th February, 1879 in Hyderabad. Her father was Dr. Aghornath Chattopadhyaya, a scientist. Her mother was Mrs. Varada Sundari, a Bengali poet. Her spouse was Muthyala Govindarajulu Naidu. She was a politician, freedom fighter, Governor of United Provinces of Agra and Oudh and a writer. She died on 2nd March, 1949. Her works were The Golden Threshold (1905), The Bird of Time (1912), The Broken Wing (1917) and Father of the Dawn (1961).

2. Given below is a profile of Vijendra Singh. Write a paragraph using the same: (March 2019)

Birth : October 29, 1985
 Place : Haryana
 Interest : Boxing
 Practicing Club : Bhiwani Boxing Club
 Participation : 2004 Athens Summer Olympics, 2006 Commonwealth Games, 2006 Asian Games
 Awards : 2009 Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award

Ans: This is a profile of Vijendra Singh. Vijendra Singh was born on 29 October, 1985 in Haryana. He is in boxing. His practicing club is Bhiwani Boxing Club. He has participated in 2004 Athens Summer Olympics, 2006 Commonwealth Games and 2006 Asian Games. He has got the Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award in 2006.

3. Given below is a profile. Write a paragraph using the clues given below:

Name : Hima Das Born : 9 January 2000, Assam Parents : Ronjit, Jonali Das Education : High School Graduate, School of Assam Achievements : Won gold medals in 100mts, 200mts, 400mts in 2018 Asian Games Awards : Arjuna Award in 2018	<p>Ans: Hima Das is a famous athlete. She was born on 9th January 2000 in Assam. Her Parents are Ronjit and Jonali Das. She is a High School Graduate from the School of Assam. Her achievements are she won gold medals in 100 metres, 200mts, and 400mts race in 2018 at the Asian Games. She has received the Arjuna award in 2018.</p>
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4. Given below is a profile of Rahul Dravid. Write a paragraph using the clues given below.

Date of birth : 11th January 1973
 Place of birth : Indore, Madhya Pradesh
 Nationality : Indian
 Known for : Test cricket
 Runs scored : 13,288(test) 10,889 (ODI)
 Awards : The Padmashree, The Padmabhushan

Ans:

3. STORY DEVELOPMENT: (3 Marks)

Develop a story using the clues given below.

1. A hungry dog - stand by a meat shop - butcher offers a meat piece - took it in the mouth- ran over a bridge - looked below- water- saw another dog – reflection- barked- - meat fell into the water – disappointed - **moral**

Answer: Once there was a hungry dog. It was standing by a meat shop. The butcher offered a piece of meat. It took it in the mouth and ran over a bridge. It looked below. It saw another dog in the water. It was its reflection. It barked. The meat fell into the water. It was disappointed. He was very sad and disappointed.

Moral: Do not be greedy.

2. A poor woodcutter- cutting wood- tree on a river bank - axe fell into the river- goddess - golden axe -refused - silver axe- refused - wooden axe – happily accepted -goddess gave golden and silver axes – blessing - moral

Answer: A poor woodcutter was cutting wood on a river bank. The axe fell into the river. A goddess appeared with a golden axe and offered it to him. He refused to take it. Next she appeared with a silveraxe. He refused it again. At last she came with a wooden axe. He happily accepted it. The goddess gave golden and silver axes as a blessing.

Moral: Honesty is the best policy.

3. In a distant village - farmer - a magical hen - one golden egg- everyday - richest man - He thought- lazy hen because - greedy and impatient- thought of an idea - take out all the eggs - big knife- cut her stomach- no eggs - the hen died - moral

Answer: In a distant village, a farmer lived who had a magical hen. It laid one golden egg every day. The farmer became the richest man. He thought that his hen was lazy because it laid only one egg every day. He was greedy and impatient and thought of an idea to take out all the eggs at a time and become very rich. So he cut the hen's stomach with a big knife but no eggs were found. The hen died.

Moral: Don't be greedy / Hurry makes worry.

4. One day – a farmer called his son – grazing sheep everyday – went bored- have some fun – he shouted – wolf, wolf, - villagers ran – reached – realized – no wolf – he was kidding – the villagers – furious – yelled – creating chaos and panic – on the next day – boy shouted – wolf, wolf, - villagers ran again – got angry – on the same day – the boy shouted – wolf, wolf, but it was an actual wolf – villagers showed no interest – believed – the boy – joking.

Answer: One day a farmer called his son and told him to graze sheep every day. He became very bored doing same job. He thought of having some fun. He shouted wolf, wolf, the villagers ran and reached the spot and realized that no wolf was there. He was just kidding. The villagers became furious and yelled at him creating chaos and panic. On the next day too the boy shouted wolf, wolf. The villagers ran again and saw nothing of that sort got angry. On the same day, the boy shouted wolf, wolf, but it was an actual wolf but the villagers showed no interest and believed that the boy was joking.

Moral: Do not try to fool others always. If you do so, you will pay price for it.

5. A wolf – eating greedily – bone stuck in the throat – goes to the crane – help – I will reward – crane – puts long beak – wolf's throat – takes out bone – asks reward – wolf – be thankful – did not eat you – crane foolish – moral.

Answer: A wolf while eating greedily made a mistake and a bone stuck in its throat. It goes to the crane asking for help. It said that it will reward the crane, if it helps the wolf in removing the bone. The crane puts its long beak in to wolf's throat and takes out bone. Then the crane asks reward. The wolf said, "You should be thankful to me as I

did not eat you". The crane became foolish.

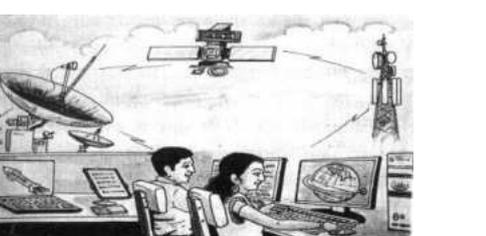
Moral: Do not believe crooks always.

Story Development for Practise: Develop a story using the clues given below:

1. A great learned Pandit – expert in many languages – visits Sri Krishnadevaraya’s royal assembly – challenges to find mother tongue – Tenali Ramakrishna accepts challenge – Pandit slept – whispers and tickles soft feather in ears – Pandit shouts in Telugu – everyone praises – Tenali Rama’s wittiness.
2. Three friends – two geese, a tortoise – decide to migrate – food, water- geese fly – tortoise can’t- find a way – carry tortoise – hold stick with their beaks – tortoise not to speak – Hold the middle of the stick – children clap – tortoise angry – bursts out – fell – died- Moral.
3. Two best friends – walking - through a jungle – sun set – afraid – held each other – saw bear - path – one of the boys – climbed nearest tree – other boy – not know how to climb – lay on ground dead – bear came near – sniffed around – whispered – boy’s ear – bear went – other boy came – asked – he replied – “Do not trust friends who do not care for you.”
4. An ant – pond – get out of the pond – drown – A dove – ant drowning – help the ant – dropped – leaf – climbed the leaf – saved. Just then a hunter – wished – catch the dove – ant bit his leg – dropped the net – saved

5. PICTURE DESCRIPTION: (3 Marks)

6. Write a description or an account of what the picture suggests to you in a paragraph.

<p>1.(APRIL 2020)</p>		<p>A picture speaks a thousand words. This is the picture of a market place. It is beautiful. There are many people. They are busy in different work. A cobbler is polishing the shoes. Porters are carrying luggage. Adults and children are moving around. One man is cleaning the road. It shows busy life.</p>
<p>3.(JUNE 2022)</p>		<p>A picture speaks a thousand words. This is the picture of cleaning the school ground. The children are working hard. There are six boys. One boy is throwing the waste into dustbin. One boy is carrying stones. One boy is sweeping the ground. One boy is removing the weed and other is digging the ground. Like them, we must work hard.</p>
<p>3.(JUNE 2022)</p>		<p>A picture speaks a thousand words. Here the children are busy in computers. They are interested in outer space. They are learning more about satellites and internet. Information is sent from satellites to dish and network towers. The student’s interest in science is good and helpful for our nation.</p>
	<p>A picture speaks a thousand words. The picture shows the level of water problem. A lot of pitchers are placed before a tap. Drinking water shortage is a serious problem in rural areas. All women are waiting patiently to collect water. They are waiting in a queue.</p>	



A picture speaks a thousand words.

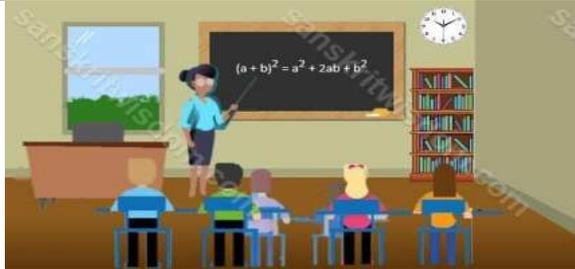
The school boys and girls are playing. They are playing on the school ground. They look cheerful. The children are playing in a team spirit. They look good and cute in school uniforms. The school looks colorful and bright in the background.



A picture speaks a thousand words. A family is enjoying its picnic. A family with parents and grandparents are spending their happy moments. The mother and grandmother are preparing for serving food to the family. The father and son are playing a game. One daughter is helping her mother. Another daughter is chatting with her grandpa. It is really a lovely pic.



IMPORTANCE OF FOREST ESSAY FOR STUDENTS



4. COMPREHENSION PASSAGES: (4 Marks)

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

1. Punctuality is a habit which must be cultivated by every cultured person. It is the mark of civilization and culture. It has been rightly called the 'soul of businesses. In our daily life, we have to attend to various types of business. This brings us in contact with other people. We hardly realize that in being late, how much annoyance and worry we unnecessarily cause to others. Nelson, the philosopher used to say that he owes his success to punctuality in his life. If a man has various duties to attend to, he must be punctual. Otherwise his life will be a failure. It is no easy thing to be punctual. It requires a man all the energy to regulate his life, if he wants to be punctual in every business. Unpunctuality invites trouble and worry. A man who is punctual and keeps his appointment is sure to be held in high esteem by others. Everyone has confidence in him. Everyone trusts him because he keeps his word.

a) Why is punctuality necessary?

Ans: Punctuality is necessary because unpunctuality causes annoyance and worry to others. It is key to success in one's life.

b) Why do people respect one who is punctual?

Ans: People have confidence in a punctual person and everyone trusts him because he keeps his words.

2. Some people think that the aim of education is merely to give knowledge. Those people want students to read books, and do nothing else but add to their knowledge. Others believe that knowledge alone is not enough; only that which enables a person to earn his/her living can be called education. Such people think that bread is more important than anything else. Still others believe that education should aim solely at making good citizens and good patriots. All these people see only one of the several purposes of education. As a matter of fact, education should aim at all these three things together. It should give knowledge; make them self-reliant and able to serve others. Education should not produce citizens who, while they love their own freedom, take away the freedom of others. It should produce persons who love their own country but also who do not want to harm other countries. (2022 June)

a) What kind of citizens should education produce?

Ans: Education should produce citizens who love their own country but also who do not want to harm other countries.

b) What do some people think to be the aim of education?

Ans: Some people think that the aim of education is merely to give knowledge.

3. Most of us believe in prayers, don't we? "More things are wrought by prayer than this world dream of." We are aware that prayer can perform miracles. Prayer can change our lives and make us better humans. It has the power of magic. A number of great men bear testimony to the power of prayer. Nobel laureate Dr. Alexis Carrel wrote, "Prayer is a powerful source of energy that one can generate. It is a force as powerful as terrestrial gravity. I have seen men, after all other therapy had failed, were lifted out of the disease and sorrow by the serene effect of prayer". The world today stands on the verge of destruction because people have forgotten to pray. It is by prayer that man reaches God and God enters him. Man needs God as he needs water and oxygen. (March 2022)

a) What does Dr. Carrel say about prayer?

Ans: Dr. Carrel says, "Prayer is a powerful source of energy that one can generate. It is a force as powerful as terrestrial gravity.

b) How powerful is the effect of prayer, according to the passage?

Ans: Prayer can perform miracles. It can change our lives and make us better humans. It has the power of magic.

4. In every country, people imagine that they are the best and the cleverest and others are not as good as they are. The Englishman thinks that he and his country are the best; the Frenchman is very proud of France and everything French. The Germans and Italians think no less of their countries and many Indians imagine that India is in many ways the greatest country in the world. This is wrong. Everybody wants to think well of himself and his country. But really there is no person who has not got some good and bad qualities. In the same way there is no country which is not partly good and partly bad. We must take the good wherever we find it and try to remove the bad wherever it may be. We are of course, most concerned with our country, India. Unhappily, it is in a bad way today. Most of our people are poor and unhappy. They have no joy in their lives. We have to find out how we can make them happier. We have to see what is good in our ways and customs and try to keep it, and whatever is bad we have to throw away. If we find anything good in other countries, we should certainly take it.

(April 2022)

a) What should we do to make our people happier?

Ans: We have to see what is good in our ways and customs and try to keep it, and whatever is bad we have to throw away. If we find anything good in other countries, we should certainly take it.

b) What do people think about themselves and others in every country?

Ans: In every country, people think that they are the best and the cleverest and others are not as good as they are.

5. There is an interesting story about what happened in Rashtrapathi Bhavan when Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, popularly known as Rajaji, was the last Governor General after the British handed over power. One of his ADC's forgotten to shave that morning and joined Rajaji at breakfast. Rajaji, who had a dry sense of humour, decided to teach the young man a lesson in a rather amusing way. 'I am sorry, you are not well this morning', he said to the young ADC, 'you look very sick. You must see a doctor immediately. I suggest you skip breakfast today. Thus dismissed, the young man went to his room and stood in front of the mirror to find out what was wrong with him. He then realized he had not shaved that morning. At lunch time, when he appeared after a shave, Rajaji said: "I am glad to see you looking so much better. The doctor's medicine has already started working."

a) Why did Rajaji advise the ADC to see the doctor?

Ans: Rajaji advised the ADC to see the doctor because he had forgotten to shave that morning and decided to teach him a lesson in a rather amusing way.

b) What was wrong with the young ADC?

Ans: He did not shave that morning.

Passages for practice:

1. A long time ago there lived a boy named Arjun in a village. He was very happy with his family. But his happiness could not last for long. Arjun and his fellow villagers faced severe drought. They desperately waited for rains but with no luck. All the crops, land and even the trees dried up. The stream was drying up slowly. One day, during a meet with his villagers, Arjun said, "Friends, we all have heard tales from our grandparents about an underground river flowing through our village. Why don't we dig and see?" The villagers agreed and started digging. Arjun also joined them. He kept encouraging them and kept on digging. After a few days, when they had dug deep enough, they saw water! Arjun's positive thinking and their hard efforts saved the whole village. Now they are never short of water. Whenever a problem arises, all should come together and find a solution.

a) How did the drought affect Arjun's village?

b) How did Arjun enable the villagers to get water and save themselves?

2. Bansilal's train was late and it reached Mumbai a little after midnight. It was his first visit to the city, and he did not know where to go. He thought, he would go to a choultry where he would not have to pay rent, but he did not know how to find one at that hour. He asked a porter to get him a cheap room. The porter said that if Bansilal gave him three rupees, he would take him to one. But Bansilal waved him away and walked out of the station. He wandered through the streets and asked a number of people, but could not find a room cheap enough for him. He sat down on a bench. He woke up the next morning stiff in every limb, but he smiled when he realized that it was the cheapest night's lodging that he had ever had.

a) Why did Bansilal wander through the streets in Mumbai?

b) Where did Bansilal find the cheapest lodge?

3. Once addressing a huge gathering Dayananda Saraswathi thundered, "Your ancestors were not uncivilized men living in forests. They were great men who enlightened the world. Your history is not a story of defeats. It is the story of the conquerors of the world. Your Vedic scriptures are not the songs of cowherds. They are immortal truths which shaped mighty souls like Sri Rama and Sri Krishna. Arise, awake and be proud of your glorious history. Take inspiration from it to mould the present. Shame upon your modern education which fills you with contempt for your ignorance.

a) What does Dayananda Saraswathi say about our ancestors?

b) What are the 'Vedas'?

4. King Ashoka was a kind, wise and righteous ruler. He spent all his time for thinking of the welfare of his subjects. He had a strong desire to make his subjects happy. His subjects could meet him at any time and in any place. He had trees planted on either side of the roads; he had wells dug by the roadside; he had rest houses built for both men and animals. He was respected by everyone.

a) How did Ashoka usually spend his time?

b) Write any two works of Ashoka which he did for the welfare of his subjects?

5. The great saint Teresa wished to have a torch in her right hand and a vessel of water in her left so that with the one, she might burn the glories of heaven, and with the other, extinguish the fires of hell, and men might learn to serve God from love without fear of hell and without the temptation of heavenly bliss.

a) Why did she hold a torch in her right hand?

b) What was Saint Teresa's message to humans?

1. ESSAY WRITING:

1. Sports and games

Sports and games play an important role in our life. It keeps us healthy and fit. It gives good exercise to the body. It gives us entertainment and makes us feel relaxed. It removes stress. There are two types of games - indoor games and outdoor games. Chess, Carrom, Ludo, Table tennis etc. are indoor games. Cricket, Kabaddi, Volleyball, Football, Throwball, etc. are outdoor games. There are individual and team games. Sports and games make us strong. It improves creativity. We can make a career in sports and games. We get name and fame. It helps to build strong relationship and adjustment with others.

Sports and games give us happiness and joy. It helps in the overall development of a person.

2. Save Forests

Forest is an important natural resource. It is the home of wild animals. It provides fresh air. It absorbs carbon dioxide. It protects us from natural disasters. Hence, it is our duty to conserve them. Forests provide food, fuel and raw materials for human beings. It provides medicines. It prevents soil erosion. But Man is cutting down trees. It is causing imbalance in the environment. Deforestation has resulted in Global warming, lack of rainfall, desertification and soil erosion. Wild animals are losing their habitat. So we must stop cutting trees and plants. We must grow more and more trees.

Trees can live without man but man cannot live without trees.

3. Uses of Internet

The internet is a global network of billions of computers and other electronic devices. Internet is very useful to us. It has brought immense changes in our lives.

The uses of internet are:

Work has become very easy, quick and accurate. It helps to get connected to the whole world. It reduces the time and energy of work. It is very useful to exchange information. It is used to upload and download files. We can listen to music, watch movies and play games. It is used for online meetings, conferences, trainings etc. It is used for online shopping, online recharge, net banking etc. It is widely used in schools, banks, hospitals, hotels, offices etc. It helps to promote business. It is very useful for teachers and learners. It helps them in self-learning.

Internet is very useful in many other ways. But we must use it wisely and carefully.

4. Pollution:

Pollution is the presence of contaminants in the environment. It has become a very serious problem. It is increasing day by day due to modern life and technology. It is making the life on planet suffer.

There are four kinds of pollution. They are Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution and Noise pollution.

Air pollution:

We need air to breathe. Without air, life would not be possible on earth. Air pollution is the presence of harmful substances in the air. It harms human health and the environment.

Air pollution is caused by the smoke from the vehicles and industries. It is caused by burning of fossil fuels, coal and oil. Bursting the crackers also causes air pollution. It causes damage to the ozone layer. It leads to many diseases like respiratory problems, allergy and even lung cancer. It causes various health problems.

To avoid air pollution, we must grow more trees. We must reduce the use of vehicles. Use bicycles and electric vehicles. We must use public transport. We must avoid burning leaves, plastic, rubber and other waste material.

To be healthy, it is our duty to reduce air pollution.

Water pollution:

Water is very important for the life on earth. Water pollution is the contamination of water bodies like ponds, lakes, rivers, seas etc. It is caused by human activities.

Factories transport poisonous waste into water. They cause danger to the life in water as well as the human beings. It is caused by sewage, plastic, detergents, industrial waste, use of pesticides and chemicals etc. When water bodies are polluted, man does not get clean water for drinking and other purposes. It causes diseases like cholera, typhoid, skin diseases etc.

To avoid water pollution, the government must bring laws to manage industrial and agricultural waste, create awareness among people and encourage them to use organic fertilizers.

To be healthy, it is our duty to protect water bodies.

Essay topics for practice:

1. Fit India/Yoga
2. National Integration
3. Health and Hygiene
4. Environmental Awareness
5. Swacch Bharat
6. Women Empowerment

7. LETTER WRITING

5 marks

1. Imagine that you are Rashmitha/Sumith studying in Navodaya School, K.M. Doddi, Mysuru. Write an application to your Principal to issue the Transfer Certificate to continue your education.

Fill in the boxes with the following information:

1. From
2. To
3. Salutation
4. Subject
5. Body of the letter
6. Subscription
7. Signature
8. Date

2. Imagine that you are Raghu/Rashmita, residing at #73, 3rd Cross, 5th Main, Raghavendra Nagar, Bagalkote. Write a letter to the Editor of a newspaper complaining about bad condition of roads in your locality.

Rearrange the contents of the following in the right order.

Yours
faithfully,

Dear sir,

To
The Editor
Indian
Express

Subject: Bad condition of roads in our locality

Thank you,

From
Raghu/Rashmita
#73, 3rd Cross, 5th Main
Raghavendra Nagar
Bagalkote

With reference to the above subject, I would like to bring to your kind notice that many accidents are taking place because of the bad condition of roads. There are no footpaths. Kindly bring it to the notice of the authority concerned.

Letters for practice:

1. Imagine that you are Raju/Rajini, Door number 345, Patel Road, Koppa.
Write an application to the General Manager KSRTC requesting for more number of buses to your place.
2. Imagine that you are Rajesh/Ravi from Bengaluru.
Write a letter to your friend telling him/her about the sports day in your school.
3. Imagine that you are Prajwal/Pramila of SK High School, Bommanahalli.
Write a letter to your friend inviting him/her to spend this summer holidays in your house.
4. Imagine that you are Latha/Lohith of Cambridge School, Bengaluru.
Write a letter to the Commissioner about the need for more number of parks in a crowded city like Bengaluru.

Imagine that you are Kusuma /Keshava 10th std Government PB High School Jamkhandi

Write a letter to your friend about your school and hostel mates.

From,

Kusuma/Keshava 10th std
Government PB High School Jamkhandi

To,

Raju
Gadag

My dear friend.

I am well with my study. I hope that you are the same ours school is very good with glad infrastructure. My friends are very good and kind who support in all ways my teachers teach us very well and encourage me to study. I am staying in govt. hostel. It is also good and hostel meals also good I am studying well. Convey my regards to your partners.

Your lovingly friend
Kusuma / Keshava

Place:

Date:-

Imagine that you are Anoop /Anita 10th std govt high school Kukanoor
write a letter your friend about your study

From,

Anoop/Anita, 10thstd
Govt high school Kukanoor,

To,

Ashok 10thstd
Govt high school Itagi

My dear friend,

I am fine here with my study. I hope you are also fine with your study. In the first semester examination. I have scored 90%I hope will get more than this percentage of marks in the annual examination. How have you scored in the test examination please convey my regards to all elders

Yours loving friend
Anoop /Anita

Place : Kukanoor

Date :

Imagine that you are Raju/Rani 10th std govt high school Kukanoor
write a letter to your friend explaining about your annual day

From,
Raju/Rani, 10th std
GHS Kukanoor,

To,
Karthik
10thstd
GHS Gudageri

I am fine here with my study. I hope you are also fine with your study. I have scored 90% in mid-term examination. How you did in mid-term examination. Last week we celebrated our annual day. Actually it was fine. I acted in one drama with my all friends, our local leaders and education list came and attended that function totally.

Yours loving friends
Raja/Rani

Place:-

Date:-

Imagine that you are Sharada/Karthik 10thstd govt high school Gadag
Write a letter to your class teacher to grant 5 days leave.

From,
Sharada/Karthik
10thstd
Govt high school Gadag .

To,
The class teacher
Govt high school
Gadag

Sub:-An application for granting 5 days leave.

Respected sir,

I am Sharada Mangadi studying in 10th A section my roll no is 56 now I am suffering from cold and fever our family doctor advised to take 5 days rest. So I am unable to attend the class from 01.03.2025 to 05.03.2025, so please grant me 5 days leave.

Thanking you

Yours obedient student

Sharada/Karthik

Date:-30/03.2025

Place :- Gadag

Imagine that you are Gouri/Santosh 10th std govt high school Ilakal
Write an application to your headmaster requesting him/her to issue transfer certificate.

From,

Gouri/Santosh
10th std
Govt high school
Ilakal

To,

The head master Govt
high school Ilakal

Sub:-Requesting transfer certificate issue.

Respected Sir ,

I am gouri / santosh studying in 10th std B section my roll no is 45I have passed
SSLC annual exam Apri 2025 so for my higher study I need transfer certificate
therefore I request you to give my transfer certificate.

Thanking you

Yours faithfully
Gouri/Santosh

Place:-Ilakal
Date:-25/3/2025